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HASIL PENILAIAN SEJAWAT SEBIDANG ATAU PEER REVIEW
KARYA ILMIAH : JURNAL ILMIAH**

Judul Karya Ilmiah : **“Regulatory Strategies And Legal Issues For Countering Terrorism in Indonesia”**

Jumlah Penulis : **1 Orang**
 Status Pengusul : **Penulis tunggal**

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 c. Vol, No, Bln, Thn) : **Volume. 24, Issue 1, 2021**
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 e. DOI artiket (jika ada):
 f. Alamat web Jurnal : <https://www.abacademies.org/abstract/regulatory-strategies-and-legal-issues-for-countering-terrorism-in-indonesia-10490.html>
 Alamat Artikel : <https://www.abacademies.org/articles/Regulatory-strategie-and-legal-issue-1544-0044-24-1-522.pdf>
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Semarang, Juni 2021

Reviewer 2



Prof. Dr. Lazarus Tri Setyawanta, SH.,M.Hum
 NIP 196205151987031001
 Unit kerja : Fakultas Hukum Undip

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Prof. Dr. Rahayu, SH.,M.Hum
 NIP. 1962205051986032001
 Unit kerja : Fakultas Hukum Undip.

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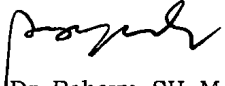
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Semarang, Juni 2021

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Semarang, Juni 2021
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REGULATORY STRATEGIES AND LEGAL ISSUES FOR COUNTERING TERRORISM IN INDONESIA

Setiyono J.

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[Abstract](#)[Author keywords](#)[SciVal Topics](#)[Metrics](#)**Abstract**

Terrorism is a form of international crime that is a global threat. Data from the Global Terrorism Index shows an increase in the number of victims of acts of terrorism from 2000-2014. In developing countries, acts of terrorism have a higher fatality rate than in developed countries. Acts of terrorism are also more common in developing countries which have minimal health insurance. On the other hand, acts of terrorism are often associated with Islamic teachings. The results of research in Indonesia as one of the developing countries and the largest Muslim country in the world say differently. The majority of the populations (95%) reject the existence of ISIS in Indonesia. Actions of terrorism have indeed increased since 2000-2016, but in the last five years (2011-2016) the number of acts of terrorism that occurred has tended to decrease. Terrorism in Indonesia is generally motivated by factors of thought, economy, politics, social, psychology and education. The strategy of countering terrorism as an international crime, Indonesia uses a combination of two approaches, namely the hard approach (law, military, and intelligence) and the soft approach (deradicalization, outreach). © 2021. All Rights Reserved.

Author keywords

Counter-Terrorism; Indonesia; International Crime; Legal Strategy; Terrorism

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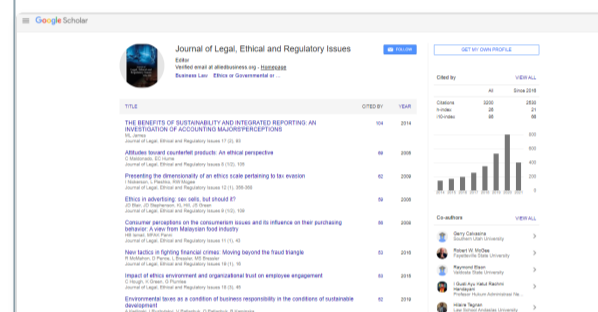
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REGULATORY STRATEGIES AND LEGAL ISSUES FOR COUNTERING TERRORISM IN INDONESIA

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ABSTRACT

Terrorism is a form of international crime that is a global threat. Data from the Global Terrorism Index shows an increase in the number of victims of acts of terrorism from 2000-2014. In developing countries, acts of terrorism have a higher fatality rate than in developed countries. Acts of terrorism are also more common in developing countries which have minimal health insurance. On the other hand, acts of terrorism are often associated with Islamic teachings. The results of research in Indonesia as one of the developing countries and the largest Muslim country in the world say differently. The majority of the populations (95%) reject the existence of ISIS in Indonesia. Actions of terrorism have indeed increased since 2000-2016, but in the last five years (2011-2016) the number of acts of terrorism that occurred has tended to decrease. Terrorism in Indonesia is generally motivated by factors of thought, economy, politics, social, psychology and education. The strategy of countering terrorism as an international crime, Indonesia uses a combination of two approaches, namely the hard approach (law, military, and intelligence) and the soft approach (deradicalization, outreach).

Keywords: Indonesia, Legal Strategy, Terrorism, International Crime, Counter-Terrorism.

INTRODUCTION

Terrorism has long been classified as an international crime. The main characteristics of international crimes are crimes that endanger humanity, crimes in which the perpetrator can be extradited, and are not political crimes (Sardjono, 1996). Terrorism is an international crime, if a criminal act is a crime in international law, the crime is committed to spread terror or threats aimed at citizens or the state; contains ideological, religious, or political objectives with cross-border effects; with the long-term target of collapse of public trust in government (Thontowi, 2013).

The criminal act of terrorism has become a global threat, so it is not an exaggeration if the international community agrees to strongly condemn it as an international crime which is the common enemy of mankind (*hostis humanis generis*). Data from the Institute for Economics and Peace, which annually releases the Global Terrorism Index, shows an increase in terrorism attacks in the 2000-2014 periods. In 2014, there were 32,685 people who died as a result of terrorist attacks. This figure is 80 percent higher than the previous year, namely 18,111 deaths. The number of victims of terrorist attacks has increased dramatically in the past 15 years. Compared with the death toll from homicides in the same period, the figure is 13 times lower. The majority of victims of terrorist attacks occur in five Muslim countries: Iraq, Nigeria, Afghanistan, Pakistan and Syria. Although more attacks have occurred in Iraq, the number of casualties is higher in Nigeria, where the Boko Haram and Funali terrorist groups operate. Boko

THE DEVELOPMENT OF AN ADMINISTRATIVE JUDICIARY IN JORDAN: ANTICIPATION AND OUTLOOK

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ABSTRACT

A Government has a vast range of responsibilities and tasks related to managing the full range of public utilities that should deliver quality services to people in a timely fashion, and this requires the administration to issue many decisions every day. Individuals often worry about the availability of legal safeguards to protect their rights and liberties against unlawful government decisions, and the establishment of a solid administrative judiciary has therefore become one of the main public needs.

The administrative judiciary of Jordan has developed in many ways since 1952. Citizens nevertheless believe that the country lacks a legal system which can protect them, because the courts have insufficient experience in administrative law, and political interference in the affairs of the judiciary may result in judgments which are biased in favor of the government. This article will review how an administrative judiciary might be developed and recommend some solutions for the obstacles which may be encountered.

Key words: Administrative Judiciary, Administrative Courts, Economic Growth.

INTRODUCTION

The justice system in Jordan is based on the dual judiciary system consisting of two independent judicial bodies which take over the adjudication of disputes. The first of these bodies is the regular/civil judiciary, which is in charge of settling disputes between individuals, and the other is the administrative judiciary, which is competent in settling disputes between individuals and government relating to administrative decisions.

Jordan has witnessed several constitutional amendments which have resulted in the establishment of an administrative jurisdiction at two levels, namely the Administrative Court and the High Administrative Court, and has also enacted the Administrative Judiciary Law, which grants comprehensive jurisdiction to the courts to adjudicate in all appeals against final administrative decisions. The administrative judiciary therefore has a new structure and mechanisms which enable it to contribute effectively to defending the principle of legality and preserving a fair balance between the public interest, which it seeks to achieve by ensuring that public utilities work consistently and effectively and the private interest by ensuring that individuals enjoy their rights and freedoms.

The government has some responsibilities for running an efficient administration, as it has to control various public utilities in the interests of people and provide them with appropriate services (Schwartz, 2006). However, it may forget its objective and engage in corrupt practices, which create many problems. Resorting to the courts (the administrative judiciary) is considered