### Q :

### Document details - The Effect of ENSO and IOD on the Variability of Sea Surface Temperature and Rainfall in the Natuna Sea

### 1 of 1

到 Export 业 Download More... >

IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science

Volume 750, Issue 1, 12 May 2021, Article number 012020

6th International Conference on Tropical Coastal Region Eco-Development 2020, ICTCRED 2020; Semarang, Virtual; Indonesia; 27 October 2020 through 28 October 2020; Code 169095

### The Effect of ENSO and IOD on the Variability of Sea Surface Temperature and Rainfall in the Natuna Sea(Conference Paper)(Open Access)

Puryajati, A.D., Wirasatriya, A., Maslukah, L., Sugianto, D.N., Ramdani, F., Jalil, A.R., Andrawina, Y.O. &

<sup>a</sup>Department of Oceanography, Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science, Universitas Diponegoro, Tembalang Campus, St. Prof. Soedarto S.H., Semarang, Central Java, Indonesia

<sup>b</sup>Department of Information System, Faculty of Computer Science, Universitas Brawijaya, St. Veteran, East Java Malang, Indonesia

<sup>c</sup>Departement of Marine Science, Faculty of Marine Science and Fisheries, Universitas Hasanuddin, St. Perintis Kemerdekaan, Makassar, South Sulawesi, Indonesia

View additional affiliations 🗸

### **Abstract**

The Natuna Sea is located at the northwestern part of Indonesia. Previous studies had showed that ENSO has a stronger impact on SST than chlorophyll-a. According to several studies, Indonesian oceans are heavily impacted by IOD. This study uses SST data with high-resolution satellite imagery (MODIS and Pathfinder) and rainfall and wind data from the Reanalysis Model (ERA-5) which is processed using a composite method and correlation grid. This research results, when La-Nia negative IOD SST will decrease 1 C and rainfall rises 7 mm/day while when El-Nio IOD positive SST will increase by 1 C while in rainfall will decrease by 3 mm/day. The variation of SST and rainfall is more influenced by ENSO than IOD. © Published under licence by IOP Publishing Ltd.

### Indexed keywords

heading:

Engineering controlled terms:

Coastal zones Rain Satellite imagery Surface waters

Engineering uncontrolled terms

Composite method High resolution satellite imagery Indonesia Reanalysis Research results

Sea surface temperature (SST) Wind data

Engineering main Oceanography

ISSN: 17551307 Source Type: Conference Proceeding Original language: English **DOI:** 10.1088/1755-1315/750/1/012020 **Document Type:** Conference Paper

Volume Editors: Wirasatriya A., Trianto A., Susanto R.D., Koch M., Ambariyanto, Desrina, Agustini T.W., Fitri A.D.P., Wijayanti D.P., Dewi E.N., Wijayanto D.P., Ismanto A., Sabdaningsih A., Ayuningrum D., Sugianto D.N., Affah D.N., Harwanto D., Haryanti D., Indrayanti E.N., Maslukah L., Sibero M.T., Riyadi P.H., Suryanti, Sari T.E. Sponsors: COREM Undip, et al., ICZM Center Undip, ISOI, Universitas Diponegoro, WCU Undip

### Cited by 3 documents

Irfan, M., Safrina, S., Koriyanti, E.

Effects of climate anomaly on rainfall, groundwater depth, and soil moisture on peatlands in South Sumatra, Indonesia

(2023) Journal of Groundwater Science and Engineering

Fadhilah, A. , Leidonald, R. , Susetya, I.E.

Analysis of the relationship between the ENSO phenomenon, Net Primary Productivity and catches of yellowfin tuna in Sibolga Waters, Indonesia

(2022) Biodiversitas

Irfan, M., Safrina, S., Awaluddin ANALYSIS OF RAINFALL AND TEMPERATURE DYNAMICS IN PEATLANDS DURING 2018-2021 CLIMATE CHANGE

(2022) International Journal of GEOMATE

View details of all 3 citations

Inform me when this document is cited in Scopus:

Set citation alert Set citation feed
> >

### Related documents

Find more related documents in Scopus based on:

Authors > Keywords >

SciVal Topic Prominence (1)

Topic

Prominence percentile:

Publisher: IOP Publishing Ltd

2 Puryajati, A.D.; Department of Oceanography, Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science, Universitas Diponegoro, Tembalang Campus, St. Prof. Soedarto S.H., Semarang, Central Java, Indonesia;

 $\bigcirc$  Copyright 2021 Elsevier B.V., All rights reserved.

### **PAPER • OPEN ACCESS**

### **Preface**

To cite this article: 2021 IOP Conf. Ser.: Earth Environ. Sci. 750 011001

View the  $\underline{\text{article online}}$  for updates and enhancements.

### You may also like

- A fluid biopsy as investigating technology for the fluid phase of solid tumors
   Peter Kuhn and Kelly Bethel
- <u>Development of High Throughput Single-Cell Analysis System for Circulating Tumor Cells Based on Digital Micromirror Device</u>
  Ryo Negishi, Hyuga Saito, Tsuyoshi
  Tanaka et al.
- Fluid biopsy for circulating tumor cell identification in patients with early-and late-stage non-small cell lung cancer: a glimpse into lung cancer biology Marco Wendel, Lyudmila Bazhenova, Rogier Boshuizen et al.



IOP Conf. Series: Earth and Environmental Science **750** (2021) 011001

doi:10.1088/1755-1315/750/1/011001

### **PREFACE**

On behalf of the Organizing Committee, I would like to extend our warmest regards to all participants of the 6<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Tropical and Coastal Region Eco-Development (ICTCRED) 2020. This annual conference was held on 27-28 October 2020, organized by the Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science, Universitas Diponegoro, Semarang, Central Java, Indonesia.

We brought an essential global topic the *Sustainable Development in Coastal Area*. The conference aims to provide a forum to exchange ideas and their current achievements for researchers, academicians, professionals, and industries to expose and exchange innovative ideas, methods, and experiences in the areas related to tropical life sciences and coastal development.

We have accepted 107 abstracts for oral and poster presentations coming from different universities and research centers from Indonesia, Japan, USA, UK, Netherlands, South Korea, Belgium, and Malaysia, which were consisted of 15 big interests. Besides, we have cordially invited ten highly respected researchers as keynote speakers with different fields to share their knowledge and expertise. We are grateful for each one of them for setting aside their valuable time to participate in this conference.

The 6<sup>th</sup> ICTCRED 2020 was firstly planned to be held offline in Semarang, Indonesia. However due to the pandemic COVID-19 situation, we had to adapt the new normal regulation which restrict the face to face meeting to avoid the massive virus transmission. Therefore, the 6<sup>th</sup> ICTCRED 2020 was held in virtual format using Zoom application. This event could not be postponed since it has become the annual event of the Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science, Universitas Diponegoro. Despite virtual event, we guarantee that the 6th ICTCRED 2020 was held professionally, following the rule of scientific conference. Starting with the plenary session with the presentation from the keynote speakers, the participants have their presentation in the panel sessions with 10 minute presentation and 10 minute discussion. The presentation of participant was in video recording format to avoid the technical problems during the presentation. However, the presence of participant was an obligation to answer the questions emerging during discussion session. The recording of the plenary session in the first and second day of the 6<sup>th</sup> ICTCRED 2020 can be seen on https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j7uZx6ebRQg&t=3094s and https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UQqZrAsvEJg&t=2990s, respectively.

The committee extent very kind thank all participants for the success of the conference. They were Rector of Universitas Diponegoro, Dean of Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science, the keynote speakers. We also would like to acknowledge the Institute of Physics (IOP) for the collaboration in publishing the conference proceedings, our sponsors the Universitas Diponegoro, COREM Undip, ICZM Center Undip, WCU Undip, ISOI, NIOZ, NWO, Tufts University, and TU Delft.

Finally, we proudly present 62 selected papers in IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science. We do hope that the 6<sup>th</sup> ICTCRED 2020 event brings a fruitful knowledge and be a memorable event not only from the scientific perspective but also in the joy of meeting with other scientists for mutual collaboration.

IOP Conf. Series: Earth and Environmental Science **750** (2021) 011001

doi:10.1088/1755-1315/750/1/011001

### **Guest Editor**

Anindya Wirasatriya Chair of Scientific Committee

### Scientific Committee/Editor

Agus Trianto (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Anindya Wirasatriya (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

R. Dwi Susanto (University of Maryland, USA)

Magaly Koch (Boston University, USA)

Ambariyanto (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Desrina (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Tri Winarni Agustini (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Aristi Dian Purnama Fitri (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Diah Permata Wijayanti (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Eko Nurcahya Dewi (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Dian Wijayanto (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Aris Ismanto (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Aninditia Sabdaningsih (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Diah Ayuningrum (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Denny Nugroho Sugianto (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Diana Nur Afifah (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Dicky Harwanto (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Dwi Haryanti (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Elis Indrayanti (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Lilik Maslukah (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Mada Triandala Sibero (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Putut Har Riyadi (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Suryanti (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

Tita Elvita Sari (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

### ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

Dr. Pi. Aris Ismanto, S.Si., M.Si Chair Person Dr. Putut Har Riyadi, SPi, MSi Co-Chair Person I Wiwiet Teguh Taufani, S.Pi., M.Si Secretary I Diah Ayuningrum, SPd, MSi Secretary II

### **PAPER • OPEN ACCESS**

### The Effect of ENSO and IOD on The Variability of Sea Surface Temperature and Rainfall in The Natuna Sea

To cite this article: A D Puryajati et al 2021 IOP Conf. Ser.: Earth Environ. Sci. 750 012020

View the article online for updates and enhancements.

### You may also like

- Spectral Analysis and SARIMA Model for Forecasting Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) and Rainfall in West Aceh Regency Nuwairy El Furqany, Miftahuddin and Ichsan Setjawan
- Causal effects of Indian Ocean Dipole on El Niño—Southern Oscillation during 1950—2014 based on high-resolution models and reanalysis data Thanh Le, Kyung-Ja Ha, Deg-Hyo Bae et al.
- Interactive influence of ENSO and IOD on contiguous heatwaves in Australia
   P Jyoteeshkumar Reddy, Sarah E Perkins-Kirkpatrick and Jason J Sharples



### **PAPER • OPEN ACCESS**

### Astrogorgia sp. from Saparua, Maluku: Phytochemical Content, Antimicrobial, Antioxidant, and Cytotoxicity Properties

To cite this article: M T Sibero et al 2021 IOP Conf. Ser.: Earth Environ. Sci. 750 012062

View the article online for updates and enhancements.

### You may also like

- Antimicrobial and Antioxidant Activities from a Combination of Swietenia mahagoni seed Extract and Virgin Coconut Oil (VCO) Hartati, Irma Suryani Idris, Hilda Karim et al.
- Application of nanotechnology in antimicrobial finishing of biomedical textiles
   Andrea Zille, Luís Almeida, Teresa
   Amorim et al.
- The application of antimicrobial photodynamic therapy (aPDT) in dentistry: a critical review
   E T Carrera, H B Dias, S C T Corbi et al.





# CERTIFICATE 1093/UN7.P/HK/2020





## THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

# Ardiansyah Desmont Puryajati

## HAS CONTRIBUTED AS

### Oral Presenter

in The 6<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Tropical and Coastal Region Eco-Development

October 27 - 28th, 2020



DF FF FRISh Ranto, S.Si., M.Si.

Chairperson



Dean of Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science

Prof. Ir. Tra Winarm Agustini, M.Sc., Ph.D.

















doi:10.1088/1755-1315/750/1/012020

### The Effect of ENSO and IOD on The Variability of Sea Surface Temperature and Rainfall in The Natuna Sea

### A D Puryajati<sup>1,4,\*</sup>, A Wirasatriya<sup>1</sup>, L Maslukah<sup>1</sup>, D N Sugianto<sup>1</sup>, F Ramdani<sup>2</sup>, A R Jalil<sup>3</sup>, Y O Andrawina<sup>5</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Department of Oceanography, Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science, Universitas Diponegoro, Tembalang Campus, St. Prof. Soedarto S.H., Semarang, Central Java, Indonesia
- <sup>2</sup> Department of Information System, Faculty of Computer Science, Universitas Brawijaya, St. Veteran, Malang, East Java, Indonesia
- <sup>3</sup> Departement of Marine Science, Faculty of Marine Science and Fisheries, Universitas Hasanuddin, St. Perintis Kemerdekaan, Makassar, South Sulawesi, Indonesia
- <sup>4</sup> Algomarine, Universitas Dipoengoro, St. Prof. Soedarto S.H., Semarang, Central Java, Indonesia
- <sup>5</sup> Erasmus Mundus Joint Master Degree Programme Marine Environment, Département d'astrophys., géophysique et océanographie (AGO) Université de Liège ULiège, Belgium

Email: a.desmont213@gmail.com

**Abstract.** The Natuna Sea is located at the northwestern part of Indonesia. Previous studies had showed that ENSO has a stronger impact on SST than chlorophyll-a. According to several studies, Indonesian oceans are heavily impacted by IOD. This study uses SST data with high-resolution satellite imagery (MODIS and Pathfinder) and rainfall and wind data from the Reanalysis Model (ERA-5) which is processed using a composite method and correlation grid. This research results, when *La-Niña* negative IOD SST will decrease 1°C and rainfall rises 7 mm/day while when *El-Niño* IOD positive SST will increase by 1°C while in rainfall will decrease by 3 mm/day. The variation of SST and rainfall is more influenced by ENSO than IOD.

### 1. Introduction

Indonesian oceans are located between two large oceans, namely the Pacific Ocean and the Indian Ocean. Natura Sea, which is located in the northwestern part of the Indonesian oceans is thought to be affected by the two oceans. One aspect of climate variability related to sea surface temperature is the *El-Niño* Southern Oscillation (ENSO), where ENSO is an anomaly of sea surface temperature at the equator of the Pacific Ocean. ENSO has three phenomena including normal ENSO, El-Niño, and La-Niña. SST anomaly does not only occur in the Pacific Ocean but also occurs in the Indian Ocean. IOD or Indian Ocean Dipole is an SST anomaly that occurs in the Indian Ocean which affects Indonesian oceans as well as being affected by IOD [1].

Previous research conducted by several researchers [2,3,4,5] has studied extensively the climate variability of ENSO and IOD, but the research that assessing the simultaneous impact of ENSO and IOD on SST and rainfall has yet to be carried out, particularly in the Natuna Sea. Continuing from previous research, [5] stated that ENSO greatly affects SST in the Natuna Sea and [3] found that IOD

### Astrogorgia sp. from Saparua, Maluku: Phytochemical Content, Antimicrobial, Antioxidant, and Cytotoxicity Properties

### M T Sibero<sup>1,2\*</sup>, D S Zilda<sup>3</sup>, D Haryanti<sup>1</sup>, Y Igarashi<sup>4</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Department of Marine Science, Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science, Universitas Diponegoro, Jl. Prof. Soedarto, SH., Semarang, Central Java, Indonesia
- <sup>2</sup> Natural Product Laboratory, Integrated Laboratory for Research and Services, Universitas Diponegoro, Jl. Prof. Soedarto, SH., Semarang, Central Java, Indonesia
- <sup>3</sup> Research and Development Center for Marine and Fisheries Product Processing and Biotechnology, St. KS. Tubun Petamburan VI, Jakarta 10260, Indonesia
- <sup>4</sup> Biotechnology Research Center, Department of Biotechnology, Toyama Prefectural University, Imizu, Toyama, Japan

Email: madatriandalasibero@lecturer.undip.ac.id

**Abstract.** Gorgonian is one of marine invertebrates that is still underexplored as a source of bioactive compounds. This study aimed to discover the biological properties of *Astrogorgia* sp. and its phytochemical content. A consecutive extraction method using *n*-hexane, ethyl acetate and methanol was conducted to obtain secondary metabolites from the sample. Antimicrobial assay was performed against ESBL *E. coli*, MRSA, *C. albicans*, and *M. furfur*; cytotoxicity against P388 Murine Leukaemia Cancer Cells, antioxidant was tested using DPPH method. The consecutive extraction method gave yield (%) as follows:  $0.21 \pm 0.22$  from *n*-hexane;  $0.67 \pm 0.17$  from acetyl acetate; and  $1.20 \pm 0.50$  from methanol. All fractions gave positive results on antibacterial assay against all pathogens while only gave antifungal activity against *C. albicans*. Methanol fraction had the highest antioxidant activity, while *n*-hexane fraction showed the best cytotoxicity.

### 1. Introduction

Sessile marine invertebrates produce unique chemical substances to protect themselves from predator and environmental stresses [1]–[3]. These chemical substances steal attention due to their beneficial biological activity for humans. It is proven by the FDA's approval of several drugs that are originated from marine invertebrate such as ascidian, bryozoan, and sponge [4]. Among all reports, sponge has been emphasized as the most profiling marine invertebrate since many studies successfully isolated bioactive compounds from it [5]. Nonetheless, other invertebrates such as gorgonian become neglected.

Gorgonian is a member of Alcyonacea (soft corals), which is characterized by always have eight tentacles (octocoral) in their polyps with rows of pinnules along both sides of the tentacles [6]. This animal is commonly found in almost all marine environments from shallow-water, mesophotic to the deep sea; therefore, plenty of studies were conducted to discover their biodiversity in Indonesia [6], [7]. However, the study of biological activity of Indonesia's gorgonian is rarely reported. The latest study



# CERTIFICATE 1093/UN7.P/HK/2020





## THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

# Ardiansyah Desmont Puryajati

## HAS CONTRIBUTED AS

### Oral Presenter

in The 6<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Tropical and Coastal Region Eco-Development

October 27 - 28th, 2020



DF FF FRISh Ranto, S.Si., M.Si.

Chairperson



Dean of Faculty of Fisheries and Marine Science

Prof. Ir. Tra Winarm Agustini, M.Sc., Ph.D.















