LEMBAR HASIL PENILAIAN SEJAWAT SEBIDANG ATAU PEER REVIEW KARYA ILMIAH : JURNAL ILMIAH

Judul Jurnal Ilmiah (Artikel)	:	: Characterization of citronella grass essential oil of Cymbopogon winterianus from Batang reg		
Penulis Jurnal Ilmiah/ Jumlah penulis Status Pengusul Identitas Jurnal Ilmiah	:	Indonesia H P Kusumaningrum, M Zainuri, H Endrawati dan E D Purbajanti / 4 orang Penulis anggota		
	: a. b. c.	b. Nomor ISSN : 174265	l of Physics: Conference Series 588, 17426596	
		d. Penerbit : IOP Pu	blishing Ltd. doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1 <u>\$24/1/012057</u>	
		f. Alamat web jurnal : https://	iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1742- 524/1/012057/pdf	
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LEMBAR HASIL PENILAIAN SEJAWAT SEBIDANG ATAU PEER REVIEW KARYA ILMIAH : JURNAL ILMIAH

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1524 (2020) 011001 doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1524/1/011001

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	M.Si.			
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	S.Si., M.Si.			
5.	Dr. Tarno, M.Si.	Chemistry	FSM UNDIP	Indonesia
	E 11: MC PLD	N. 6.1	ECVIDIDID	T 1 '
6.	Farikhin, M.Sc. Ph.D.	Mathematics	FSM UNDIP	Indonesia

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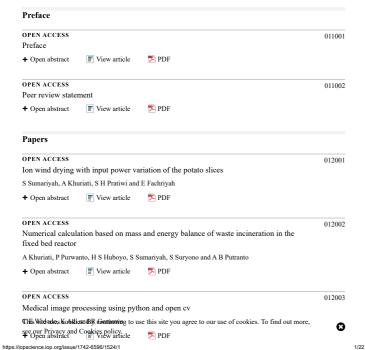
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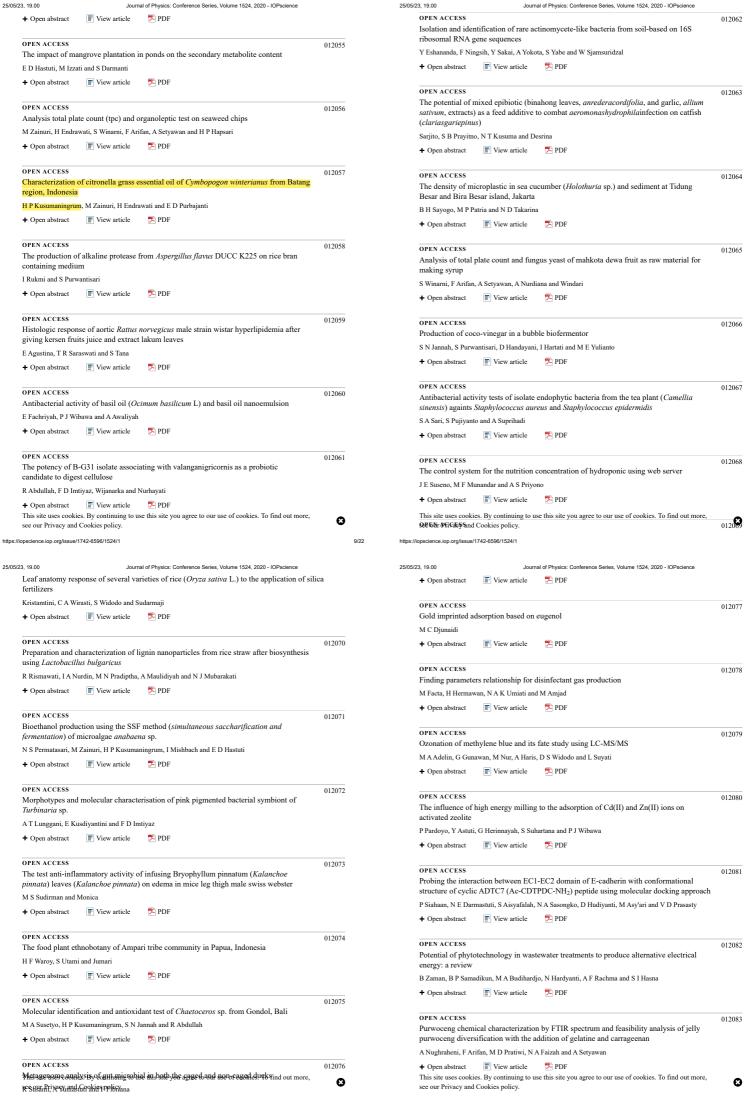
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1524 (2020) 012062 doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1524/1/012062

Isolation and identification of rare actinomycete-like bacteria from soil-based on 16S ribosomal RNA gene sequences

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Abstract. The rare actinomycete-like bacteria are mycelium-forming bacteria other than phylum *Actinobacteria* that difficult to isolate and cultivate. This group of bacteria was recently speculated by many scientists as a potential new microbial resource for the discovery of novel compounds, as a substitute for actinomycetes. In this study, we isolate and identify rare actinomycete-like bacteria from forest soil collected under bamboo trees, near the CisolokGeysers, Sukabumi, Indonesia. The isolation of bacteria was performed using Reasoner's 2A (1:10 dilution) medium with 2% gellan gum instead of agar and incubated at 30 °C for three weeks. The 16S rRNA gene sequences of the isolates were examined to determine their taxonomic position. Four isolates designated K17-1, K17-2, K42, and K44 showed pale oranges colonies and formed mycelia were obtained. The results of 16S rRNA gene sequences of these isolates showed high similarity to members of the genus *Dictyobacter* in the family *Dictyobacteraceae* of the class *Ktedonobacteria* of the phylum *Chlorofexi*, with values 97.16-98.02%, and most closely related to the species *Dictyobacteraurantiacus* S-27^T (97.16-98.02% similarities). This result suggested that the member of the class *Ktedonobacteria*, which considered as rare actinomycete-like bacteria, such as *Dictyobacter* could be found in the forest soil of the geothermal area.

1. Introduction

Actinobacteria are gram-positive bacteria that have a high percentage of guanine and cytosine in their genome [1]. This group morphologically comprises unicellular organisms to mycelium-forming bacteria which called Actinomycetes [1,2]. However, bacteria that have filamentous appearance also could be found in the phylum Chlorofexi. The member of this phylum which has actinomycete-like morphology is present in the four different class namely Chlorofexi, Anaerolineae, Caldilineaeand Ktedonobacteria [3]. Among these class, Ktedonobacteria has some obvious morphological features which distinguish themselves from others. The member of Ktedonobacteriaare aerobic organism and forming branched mycelia with spores like actinomycetes [3,4]. Moreover, most validly published strains of Ktedonobacteriabudding their multiple spores per cell on the aerial mycelium which unique among bacteria [5]. All ofKtedonobacteriaidentified as gram-positive bacteria while almost of the member in phylum Chlorofexi were gram-negative [3,6]. Based on these exceptional characters, class Ktedonobacteria could be included as the rare actinomycete-like bacteria.

Rare actinomycete-like bacteria could provide an alternative for the discovery of new compounds derived from microorganisms because spore formation usually would be followed by the production of secondary metabolites [7,8]. Further analysis of the genomic of nine members of rare actinomycete-like bacteria

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Finding parameters relationship for disinfectant gas production

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Abstract. Water purifying is an important process to get fresh water for human needs. Several treatments such as advanced filtering using activated carbon and chlorine have been done to get clean water. However, most of the previous treatments required complex maintenance and left a by product. The choice for disinfectant gas is going to ozone gas because it has a minor harmful impact on the environment. This work is to find related parameters and to formulate those parameters in the equation to predict disinfectant gas production in the silent discharge process. The theoretical analysis provides a general approach for the equation models and experimental results complete the required data for the regression technique to determine constants and terms in equation model at the saturated region. Finally, a proposed equation model has successfully produced a prediction curve that is matched with experimental results.

1. Introduction

Water is an important substance for humankind. Many efforts are carried out to get fresh and clean water taken from any resources. The membrane bioreactor removed the only heavy organic component. Advanced filtering has given impact to eliminate soft and silky organics and components i.e. bacteria and viruses less than $1-5~\mu m$. The implementation of activated carbon was reported to implement, but short life and frequent replacement become the burden of using activated carbon. Oxidation treatment for water was also reported by using chlorine and chloride oxide, but they produce a by product in the form of unpleasant taste and smell. The choice for disinfectant gas is going to ozone gas because it has a minor harmful impact on the environment. The most economical technique of ozone generation is a silent discharge [1,2] and the mechanism of discharge has been investigated [3]. The production of ozone as disinfectant gas is interesting work by determining the related parameters and then to formulate them in a mathematical model properly. Previous models in the pulse streamer discharge process have been developed for ozone generation [4,5]. It is also recorded for double dielectric carrier discharge the relationship parameters was revealed as the function of current and voltage during generation [6,7]. However, no record is found for the silent discharge process in production ozone as a disinfectant gas.

2. Theoretical and experimental analysis

There are a number of parameters that significantly influence on disinfectant production in the form of ozone concentration. Based on the evidence available in the literature [1-6], the most significant factors influencing the ozone concentration are the applied voltage V, the feed gas flow rate fr, the power needed W, the pressure P, and the applied frequency f. In the high frequency silent discharge

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Analysis total plate count (tpc) and organoleptic test on seaweed chips

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Abstract. Some seaweed in Indonesia has economic value, such as jelly-producing seaweed, namely Gracilaria, Gelidium, Gelidiopsis, and Hypnea, carrageenan-producing seaweed, namely Euchema spinosium, Euchema cottonii, Euchema striatum, algin-producing seaweed, that Sargassum, Macrocystis and Lessonia. This study aims to determine the microbial contamination on seaweed chips with total plate count (TPC) method and organoleptic test. The samples used were Sargassum chips and Eucheuma cottonii chips with variations in drying of seaweed raw materials. Seaweed chips samples were tested for microbial contamination. The number of microbial contamination on Sargassum chips was 2.6 x 102 CFU/ml and E. cottonii chips was 2.8 x 102 CFU/ml. Based on TPC analysis concluded that Sargassum chips and E.cottonii chips were both safe for consumption because the amount of microbial contamination does not exceed the maximum limit of the Indonesian National Standard, which is 105 CFU/ml. Based on organoleptic tests, Sargassum chips were preferable than E. cottonii chips.

1. Introduction

Seaweed is one of the potential marine biological resources. The result of the seaweed extraction process are used as food additives, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, textiles, paints and others. Some seaweed in Indonesia has economic value, such as jelly-producing seaweed, namely Gracilaria, Gelidium, Gelidiopsis, and Hypnea, carrageenan-producing seaweed, namely Euchema spinosium, Euchema cottonii, Euchema striatum, algin-producing seaweed, that Sargassum, Macrocystis and Lessonia. Some types of Sargassum sp. contain significant amounts of fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals [1]. Their content varies greatly depending on location, weather, species, and temperature. Seaweed chips is one of the processed seaweed products that are much in demand by the public, especially in Teluk Awur area. High consumer demand does not guarantee the quality of these chips is safe from contamination, both chemical, physical, and microbial contamination. Not all of the small-scale businesses that are currently developing in Teluk Awur pay attention to the cleanliness of the work environment during the production process. According to Arpah (1993), in general the quality of food produced by small industrials are inconsistent because the variability of raw and processing method. Seaweed chips product must be preserved from contamination to be safe for consumption.

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