# LEMBAR HASIL PENILAIAN SEJAWAT SEBIDANG ATAU PEER REVIEW KARYA ILMIAH: JURNAL ILMIAH

Judul Artikel Ilmiah : Individual characteristic and cadmium level in blood on tradisional metal

foundry workers

Nama semua penulis : Yuliani Setyaningsih, **Ari Suwondo**, A. Saihu

Status Pengusul (coret yg tidak perlu) : Penulis Utama/Penulis Utama & Korespondensi/Penulis Korespondensi/

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• Terindex di : Scopus SJR 2019 : 0,124

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: Individual characteristic and cadmium level in blood on tradisional metal Judul Artikel Ilmiah

foundry workers

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# Individual characteristic and cadmium level in blood on tradisional metal foundry workers (Article) (Open Access)

Setyaningsih, Y.<sup>a</sup> 🖾, Suwondo, A.<sup>a</sup>, Saihu, A.<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Occupational Health and Safety Department, Indonesia

<sup>b</sup>Magister of Health Promotion, Public Health Faculty, Diponegoro University, Semarang, Indonesia

# Abstract View references (21)

Cadmium is one type of seriously hazardous heavy metal if inhaled. Acute cadmium poisoning may result from exposure of cadmium oxide vapor during metal melting process. This study aims to determine the factors ofindividuals characteristic associated with levels of cadmium in the blood of workers. This research is an analytic observation research with cross sectional approach. Samples were taken purposively from 30 metal casting workers. The research variables are smoking habit, BMI, working hours, duration of work and occupation as independent variables and cadmium levels in the blood as dependent variables. Blood cadmium levels were measured using Atomic Absorbtion Spectophotometer (AAS). Data were analyzed using chi-square. Although there was no correlation between smoking habit and working hours on cadmium blood level (p value> 0,05) but there was correlation between nutritional status, duration of work and occupation to cadmium in blood (P value <0.05). There is a relationship between BMI, duration of work and type of work with cadmium levels in the blood of metal casting workers, for modification of workplace ventilation and the use of personal protective equipment to increase fume of cadmium in workplace. © 2019, Indian Journal of Public Health Research and Development. All rights reserved.

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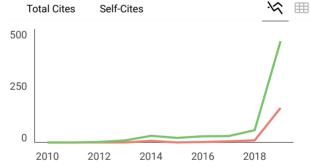
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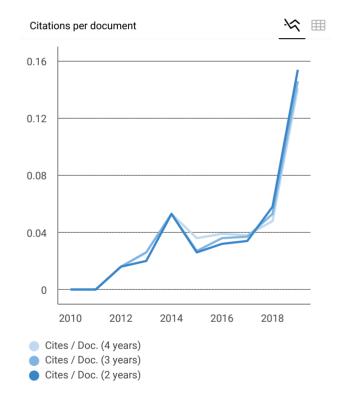
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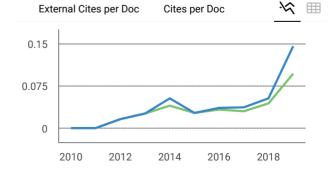
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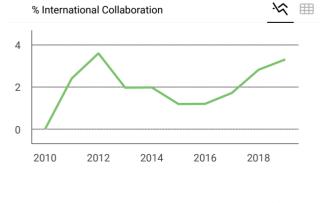












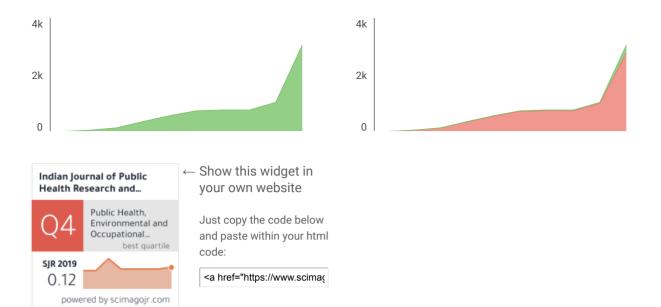
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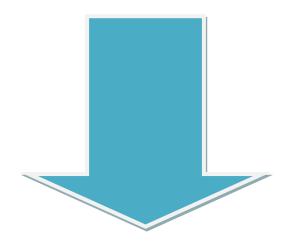
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# Swimming Skill Development among Rural Children Under Limited Infrastructure: The Stakeholders' Perspectives

# Orapin Laosee<sup>1</sup>, Ratana Somrongthong<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>ASEAN Institute for Health Development, Mahidol University, Nakorn Pathom 73170; <sup>2</sup>College of Public Health Sciences, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok 10330, Thailand

#### **ABSTRACT**

Drowning is one of the most common causes of death among young children in Thailand. Swimming skill and water safety lessons were part of the possible prevention strategies for drowning as they provide children with the required skills and knowledge to keep themselves safe. However, limited study to understand in how children in rural area develop their swimming skill. The qualitative study aims to assess the need of swimming program of primary school students in rural setting of Thailand and explore the opportunity to conduct the program for school children. Group discussion were conducted in three groups of stakeholder; primary school children, teacher, and the community leaders in northern part of Thailand. The field notes were transformed into an organized note for analysis. The findings revealed that school children described their swimming lessons as a life skill which they do not learn in school. Lack of swimming pool, water safety lessons, and instructor were found in school curriculum in primary school level. Majority of children developed their swimming skill in natural water bodies taught by peers, family members. Information gained from school teachers and community leaders indicated their willing to support swimming lessons in the community. Lack of infrastructures in the developing countries is one of the barriers to promote swimming skills among school children in rural setting. The swimming program in the community could be started in collaboration of stakeholders where available infrastructure.

**Keywords:** Drowning prevention, rural, school children, swimming ability

# INTRODUCTION

Drowning is a leading cause of mortality worldwide. An estimated of 372 000 people died each year from drowning, making it the world's third leading unintentional injury killer. Drowning is among the 10 causes of death of children and young people globally. The majority of drowning (97%) occur in low-and middle-income countries (LMIC) and the younger than 15 years are at high risk group<sup>(1)</sup>. Drowning is one of the most common causes of death among young children in Thailand. School-aged children are at high risk of drowning and boys are more than twice as likely as

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girls to drown. Similar to LMIC drowning death occur in rural setting, natural water bodies such as pounds, ditched, lakes, rivers or the sea were found to be source of most drowning death<sup>(2)</sup>. This is generally attributed to higher exposure to aquatic environments in rural areas where majority of population lives<sup>(1, 3)</sup>.

Lack of barriers to water bodies, inadequate supervision for infants and young children, and poor swimming skill with less awareness of water danger had been identified as drowning risk in children<sup>(1, 3-5)</sup>. Previous literatures identified that adult supervision, install barriers controlling access to water, provide safe places away from water, teach school-age children swimming with water safety, strengthening public awareness are recommended as community-based action to prevent drowning<sup>(5-8)</sup>. A systematic review addressed that swimming and water safety lessons were part of the possible prevention strategies for drowning as they provide children with the required skills and knowledge to keep themselves safe or remove themselves from

# The Association between Short Nap and Memory Performance Using Concise Learning Method and Logical Learning Method among Private University Students in Selangor, Malaysia

Mustafa Fadil Mohammed<sup>1</sup>, Mohammed A. Abdalqader<sup>1</sup>, Mohammed Abdelfatah Alhoot<sup>1</sup>, Mohamad R. Alwan<sup>1</sup>, Mohammed FaezAbobakr<sup>1</sup>, Asha Binti Abd. Rahman<sup>2</sup>

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#### **ABSTRACT**

In the present high-tech environment, achieving academic goals become competitive among university students. Students are afraid of failing in exams. They are awake for 16 hours or more a day without a nap. Students have programmed their mindset or believe that staying awake for long hours in a day can achieve their goals. This study analyzed the association between short nap and memory performance among private university students in Selangor, Malaysia. Five hundred respondents in two different equal groups were selected randomly to be involved in this study. Concise and logical learning methods were used to achieve the objectives. A short briefing was given to the participants before subjects start the memorizing task that consists of concise and logical learning for one hour. Then, two hundred fifty respondents (sleep group) were sent to the skill lab for nap session, and the other two hundred fifty respondents (awake group) remained in the classroom. After one hour, both groups tested on memory recall for 30 minutes. Data were analysed using one-way MANOVA which revealed a significant multivariate main effect for independent variables group Wilk's lambda =0.61, F(12,39.00)=12.0, p<0.001, partial Given the significance of the overall test, the univariate main effects for independent variables were obtained for percentage of concise learning method: F(11,33)=11.39, p<0.001, and for the logical learning method, F (23,67)=23.62, p<0.001, and for total scores (22,19)=22.24, p<0.001. Significant independent group pairwise differences were obtained in the number of 500 respondents between sleep group and awake group. Mean score number awake group were 3.95 and mean of sleep group 8.23. In conclusion, there is a significant association of memory recall test scores between student intervening short nap and student without intervening short nap using concise and logical learning method.

Keywords: Nap, Memory Performance, Concise, Logical Learning, University Students

### INTRODUCTION

Achieving academic goals become competitive among university students and they are awake for long hours without a nap because they have programmed their mindset. Shorter sleep duration led the students to feel sleepy during the day, tired, drowsy, moody and had a

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Dr. Mohammed A. Abdalqader Management & Science University University Drive, Off Persiaran Olahraga, Section 13, 40100 Shah Alam, Selangor Tel. No: 03-5521 6505 difficult time in getting up in the morning<sup>(1)</sup>. Napping has the potential to enhance people's lives<sup>(2)</sup>. Napping helps clear out the brain's inbox and integrates information into our brain memory<sup>(3)</sup>.

Short-term or working memory doesn't need to store everything we perceive. Most information is only required for a short time and can then be discarded<sup>(4)</sup>. Short-term memory holds information for few seconds to a few minutes, and this kind of memory is often referred to as working memory; it allows us to understand information as we were encountering it and then discard it. This system is constantly updating, focused on data we need at that particular moment in time<sup>(5)</sup>.